Towards a V&V Hierarchy for Fatigue Crack Growth Lifetime Analysis

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Current Lifing Models Contain An Unprecedented Level of Detail



But How Credible Are These Models for Decision Making?



Credibility from Model V&V

Verification

- Credibility from understanding the mathematics
- Are the equations being solved correctly?
- Compare computed results to known solutions
- Validation
 - Credibility from understanding the physics
 - Are the correct equations being solved?
 - Compare computed results to experimental data
- Uncertainty Quantification
 - Credibility from understanding the uncertainties
 - How accurate is the model prediction?
 - Quantify uncertainty & variability from all sources





Model Verification & Validation

• Verification: Process of determining that a model implementation accurately represents the developer's conceptual description of the model and the solution to the model

Math issue: "Solving the equations right"

• Validation: Process of determining the degree to which a model is an accurate representation of the real world from the perspective of the intended uses of the model

Physics issue: "Solving the right equations"



V&V Framework

Reality of Interest

(Component, Subassembly, Assembly, or System)

Abstraction

 Approach based on ASME V&V 10-2006



Revise

Appropriate

Model

or

Experiment



Validation Hierarchy





Validation Hierarchy



- Validation hierarchy adds credibility:
 - > Breaks the problem into smaller parts
 - Validation process employed for every element in the hierarchy (ideally)
 - Allows model to be challenged (and proven) step by step
 - Right answer for right reason
- First establish intended use and toplevel validation requirement
- Construct hierarchy, establish sub-level metrics and validation requirements
- In general, validation requirements will be increasingly more stringent in lower levels
 - Full system sensitivity analysis can provide guidance



How NOT to do V&V of FCG Life Calculations



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Draft Hierarchy for FCG Lifetime Analysis





Sub-Hierarchy for Geometry Model







Sub-Hierarchy for Stress Model





Sub-Hierarchy for Crack Driving Force Model







Sub-Hierarchy for Environment Model







Sub-Hierarchy for Material Model







Sub-Sub Hierarchy for Test Methods/Measurements







Matrix for Material Crack Growth Properties/Models

aterial Crack Growth	ר Pro	perti	es/l	Models
	R	Т	t	chem
Paris regime	Х	Х	Х	Х
Threshold	Х	Х	Х	Х
Instability		Х	Х	Х
Load interaction	Х	х	х	Х





Sub-Hierarchy for Material Model







Sub-Hierarchy for Life Calculation Model







Detailed Draft Hierarchy for FCG Lifetime Analysis



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For Each Element...

• Verification

- Code Verification
 - Detect/eliminate algorithmic/programming errors
- Calculation Verification
 - Numerical precision and discretization accuracy

Validation

- Direct comparison with tailored validation experiments
- Do uncertainty quantification of both model and experiment
- Any calibration should be kept <u>separate</u> from validation and performed <u>before</u> validation



What is Most Significant?

- The relative significance of the different sub-models depends on the intended use of the life model
- For a given situation, some [many] sub-models may be trivial or insignificant
- Sensitivity analysis based on uncertainty quantification can be used to identify the most significant sub-models



Some Observations on One Element: K Solution



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Some Observations on One Element: K Solution

- Verification of weight function K solutions by comparison to independent 3D numerical solutions
- No direct experiment
- What is absolute truth?
- How to cover entire range of solutions?



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What To Do Next?

- This draft hierarchy is incomplete and imperfect
 - Further iteration is needed to improve it
 - Some sub-models may need to broken down into finer sub-sub-models
 - Additional interdependencies may need to be flagged
- Additional questions need to be asked
 - How best to isolate each individual model? (usually from the bottom up)
 - How best to quantify the validation?